

Niagara Catholic District School Board

Research, Assessment and Evaluation Department

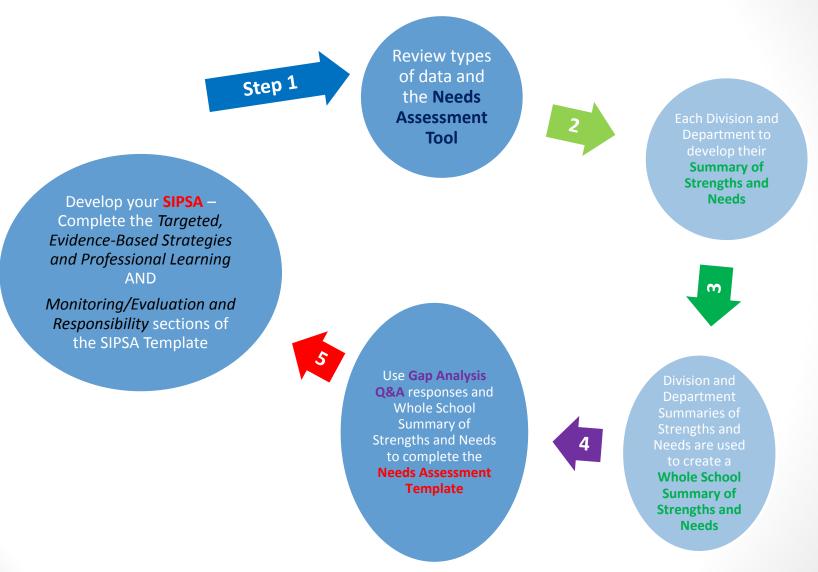


School Improvement Planning

Professional Learning
October 10, 2014



Step-by-Step to School Improvement Planning – Outline of Major Activities of the PA Day





"Schools that gather, analyze, and use information about their school communities make better decisions..."

"Schools that understand the needs of their primary customers – the students – are more successful in planning changes and remain more focused during implementation than those schools that simply gather, but make no sustained effort to analyze and use, data."

"The use of data can make an enormous difference in school reform efforts by helping schools see how to improve school processes and student learning."

(quotes from <u>Data Analysis for Continuous School Improvement</u>, Bernhardt, 2004)

Answer: We will use evidence and data to make informed decisions about improving learning and success for all of our students.

A) Understanding Data

Types of Data:

Achievement, Demographic, Program and Percentual

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What do we know about student achievement?

Achievement Data

Teacher: What do I know about student achievement in my class?

Division/Department Team: What do we know about student achievement across our division or department?

Principal: What should I know about student achievement at our Catholic school?



A) Understanding Data

Types of Data:

Achievement, Demographic, Program and Perceptual

Demographic Data

Who are our students?

Who are our students?

Teacher: Who are my students?

Division/Department Team: What do we know about our students across our division or department?

Principal: What should we know about all of the students at our Catholic school?

A) Understanding Data

Types of Data:

Achievement, Demographic, Program and Perceptual

Program Data

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How do we offer successful outcomes for students?

Teacher: How are my instructional and assessment practices impacting successful outcomes for all of my students?

Division/Department Team: How are our programs and strategies impacting successful outcomes for all students in our division or department?

Principal: How are classroom practices and professional learning impacting student success at our Catholic school?



A) Understanding Data

Types of Data:

Achievement, Demographic, Program and Perceptual

Perceptual Data

What are the perceived strengths and needs?

Teacher: What do my students and families pe. As the strengths and needs of my class?

Division/Department Team: What do our students and their families perceive as the strengths and needs across our division or department?

Principal: What do students and families perceive as the strengths and needs of our Catholic school?



A) Understanding Data

Needs Assessment Tool

The Needs Assessment Tool will...

- ✓ guide you in developing a Summary of Strengths and Needs for your Division or Department and Whole School.
- ✓ help you create a School Improvement Plan that authentically meets the needs of students in your Catholic school.
- ✓ support you in making evidence-informed or data-driven decisions to plan for school improvement and ultimately, student success.

Note:

✓ You are NOT required to respond to each question or locate every data source listed, but to use the questions and sources to guide you.



A) Understanding Data

Needs Assessment Tool

A snapshot of the

Needs Assessment Tool

Student Achievement Data	Demographic & Social/Emotional Data	Program Data	Perceptual Data
Teacher: "Whet do I know obout student achievement in my class?" What assessment for Learning audit policy of the control of t	Teacher: "Who are my students?" What is their ethnocultural background? Is English their first language? > STP data for English Language Learners (ELLs) Are they self-identified first Nation, Metis or Inuit? > FINMI status Do they have special education needs? If 50, what are these needs? What and I doing to	Teacher: "How is my teaching offering successful outcomes for ALL of my students?" What instructional practices have I implemented to support curricular outcomes and student learning in each subject are will degree of the control of the control outcomes and student learning in each subject are will degree of the control outcomes and student learning in each subject are will degree outcome outcomes of the control outcomes and student learning from the use of assessments to inform next steps in instruction Guided practice /gradual release of responsibility Inquiry stance Varied tasks to support various learning styles Choice in rich performance tasks What are my best practices in Assessment for, or and of Learning? Collection and analysis of observations, conversations and student products Learning Goals, Success Cirteria and Descriptive Feedback Self and peer assessment data What do I do to engage students, parents and the parish? Communication with parish Communication with parish to the parish? Communication with parish to the parish? Student and class profiles shared with receiving teachers/school Transition Plans for students on an IEP STE information (grade 8 - 9) Preparing students for post-secondar education and sus-secondar education and secondary education	Teacher: "Mhat do students and parents perceive to be the strengths and nerest of perceive to be the strengths and needs of our school and class?" What do the School Climate Survey results te me about how students feel about school, safety, well-being, equity and inclusivity? > School Climate Survey results What does our Catholic School Council say about our school? > CSC meeting minutes What does EQAO survey data tell us? What does EQAO survey data tell us? To the student questionnaires What does EQAO survey does not be survey and the strength of the survey and survey a



A) Understanding Students

Summary of Strengths and Needs

By Division or Department, all teachers will:

- 1. <u>Gather evidence</u> using the guiding questions and suggested data sources in the *Needs Assessment Tool* to better understand the strengths and needs of their students.
- Collaborate and discuss their students' strengths and needs with grade/subject partners and with Division or Department colleagues to <u>create</u> a <u>Summary of Strengths</u> and Needs – one per division or department.



A) Understanding Students

Summary of Strengths and Needs

Summary of Strengths and Needs

- SAMPLE

Summary of Strengths and Needs (SAMPLE)				
STRENGTHS	Evidence	NEEDS	Evidence	
Students can infer meaning from a variety of texts as we have used a literacy strategy	DRA Classroom assessments and evaluations	Many students need support in making connections to what they read, even when we are using this literacy strategy	DRA Classroom assessments and evaluations	
Strong record of attendance for all students	Maplewood attendance reports	Three students who are FNMI need further support to develop their numeracy skills	Primary EQAO Assessment data for Mathematics Classroom observations, conversations and products, such as exit cards	
Many students like to use manipulatives and show strength as tactile learners	Observations and conversations with students during guided instruction in mathematics	10 of my 25 students do not exhibit a positive attitude towards their ability in mathematics	Contextual data from questionnaires from Primary EQAO Assessments Observations and conversations in class with students Conversations with parents	
Two students on a modified IEP for Mathematics have been increasingly successful on classroom math assessments as we have engaged in more "math talk" in the classroom as part of our Junior Division's Collaborative Inquiry in Mathematics this past term	Conversations with Collaborative Inquiry teaching partners in the Junior Division Math exit tasks, quizzes, performance tasks Math conferences with teacher and peers	Several students often state that they do not like to participate in social activities at, for example, recess breaks	School Climate Survey results Observations and conversations in class and on the school playground Conversations with parents and other staff	



A) Understanding Students

Summary of Strengths and Needs

Summary of Strengths and Needs

- TEMPLATE

**to be completed
Division or Departr

School:		Date	=		
Completed by (teache	r names, division or dep	artment):			
Carronatha	EMIDENCE	Neede	EMIDENCE		
Strengths	EVIDENCE	Needs	EVIDENCE		
	•		•		



Nutrition Break



Session 2: Needs Assessment

"Effective school districts and schools are those that focus on continuous improvement...They determine the greatest area of need for their students and then collaboratively develop an improvement process to meet those needs."

(quote from High School Graduation: K – 12 Strategies that Work, Glaze, Mattingley and Andrews, 2013)

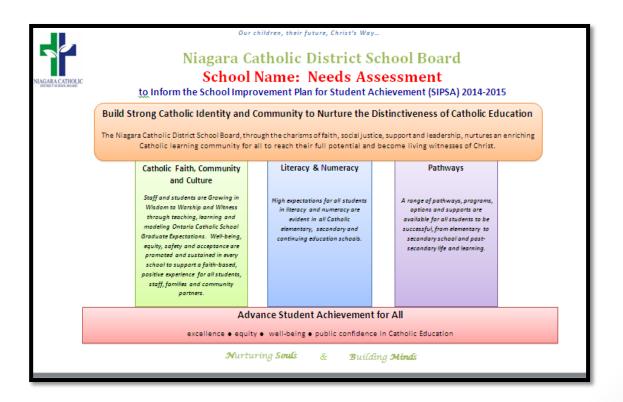
Has your Division or Department Team determined the greatest area(s) of need for students at your Catholic school?



Session 2: Needs Assessment

A) Gap Analysis Q&A

The Needs Assessment Template will be completed.





Lunch



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

"Planning for improvement...involves evaluating the current status, identifying a few precise goals, implementing research-informed strategies to achieve the goals, and monitoring progress."

"An improvement plan should focus on those things we intend to improve or refine, NOT on everything we are already doing."

Effective improvement plans should:

- ☐ Have a manageable number of research-informed strategies that will be implemented to achieve the goals of the SIPSA
- ☐ List professional learning requirements



(quotes from High School Graduation: K – 12 Strategies that Work, Glaze, Mattingley and Andrews, 2013)



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

Using the <u>Areas of Need</u> recorded in the Needs Assessment Template, we can now plan:

- A) Targeted, Evidence-Based Strategies and B) Professional Learning AND
- C) Monitoring/Evaluation and D) Responsibility in the SIPSA.

These are the two areas of the SIPSA Template that you will also complete today to support your local needs as identified through this morning's tasks.

The next slides provide guiding questions when you see



specific actions when you see





to complete your SIPSA.



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

A) Targeted, Evidence-Based Strategies



CONSIDER: How will the strategies we select change practice to achieve our SIPSA goals/theories of action?

- Is student learning at the core of the strategies?
- How will these strategies improve instruction and assessment?
- Are strategies informed by research or effective classroom practice?
- Are interventions for student subgroups identified?
- Are there strategies related to helping parents/guardians support student learning?
- What interventions and strategies will classroom teachers implement to improve the achievement of specific (i.e. students achieving below provincial standard) students in their class?



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)



NOW:

Select and explicitly articulate

one or two strategies

for each *Theory of Action*

(if...then statements)

for each of the three Pillars of Student Success.



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

B) Select Professional Learning



CONSIDER: What staff learning needs to be addressed to improve student success?

- Do professional learning strategies favour a school-based and job-embedded focus and Principal involvement?
- Does the professional learning plan clearly indicate what staff need to learn to implement and monitor strategies?
- Do Professional Catholic Learning Communities (PCLCs) focus on student work?
- Are PCLCs engaging in collaborative inquiry?



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)



NOW:

Identify and record Professional Learning

opportunities for each of the three Pillars of Student Success.

Choose professional learning opportunities that...

- help staff to take the actions needed to implement the strategies related to the greatest student learning needs
- allow staff to have professional conversations on a regular basis



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

C) Monitoring and Evaluation



Consider: How does ongoing monitoring relate specifically to the achievement of our SIPSA goals/theories of action?

- Are we making effective use of data already collected? What data needs to be collected?
- Does the monitoring plan describe data to be collected and analyzed, when/how each goal will be monitored and who will be responsible for reporting progress for each goal?
- Does the plan include a continuous cycle of monitoring and opportunities for mid-course revisions?
- Are communication strategies in place so that all stakeholders understand the plan and know their respective roles? (i.e. school staff, students, parents/guardians, Catholic School Councils, community partners, etc.)



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

C) Monitoring and Evaluation



NOW:

Identify and record

data sources

that can be collected and analyzed at regular intervals

for each of the three Pillars of Student Success.



(School Improvement Plan for Student Achievement)

Responsibility



Consider: How does shared leadership facilitate monitoring and support the implementation of strategies to achieve our SIPSA goals/theories of action?

Is there a designated individual or team responsible for the support and monitoring each goal?







Nutrition Break



Session 4: Professional Learning Opportunities